

(a) Determine which, if any, of the real signals depicted in the figure below have CTFTs that satisfy each of the following conditions:

$$(1) \operatorname{Re}\{X(j\omega)\} = 0$$

$$(4) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(j\omega) d\omega = 0$$

$$(2) \operatorname{Im}\{X(j\omega)\} = 0$$

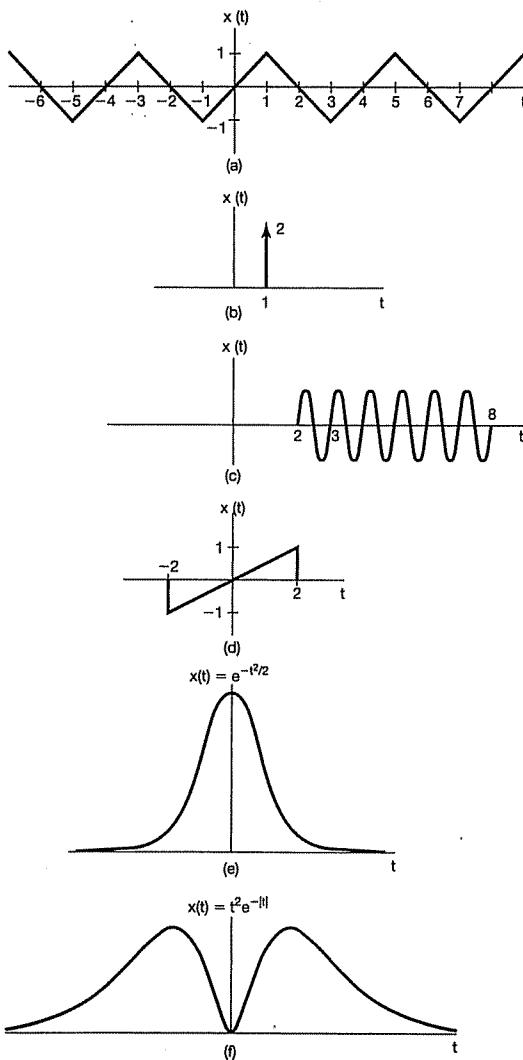
$$(5) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \omega X(j\omega) d\omega = 0$$

(3) There exists a real α

(6) $X(j\omega)$ is periodic

such that $e^{j\alpha\omega} X(j\omega)$ is real

(b) Construct a signal that has properties (1), (4), and (5) and does not have the others.



(a) Solution,

(1) for $\operatorname{Re}\{X(j\omega)\} = 0$ the signal $x(t)$ must be real and odd.

The signals in figures (a) and (c) have this property

(2) for $\operatorname{Im}\{X(j\omega)\} = 0$ the signal $x(t)$ must be real and even.

The signals in figures (e) and (f) have this property

(3) for there to exist a real α such that $e^{j\alpha\omega} X(j\omega)$ is real, we require $x(t + \alpha)$ to be a real and even signal.

The signals in figures (a), (b), (c), and (f)

$$\alpha = \pm 1 \quad \alpha = 1 \quad \alpha = 0 \quad \alpha = 0$$

(4) For this condition to be true $x(0) = 0$

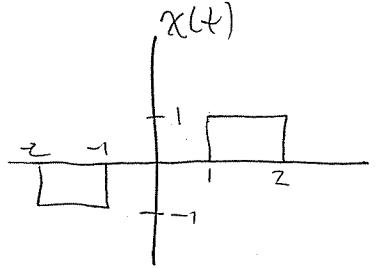
The signals in figures (a), (b), (c), (d), and (f) have this property.

(5) For this condition to be true, the derivative of $x(t)$ has to be zero at $t=0$

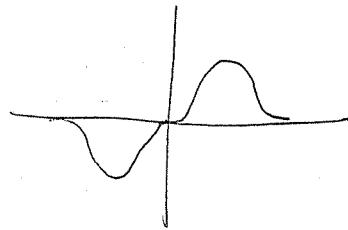
The signals in figures (b), (c), (e), and (f) have this property.

(6) For this to be true, the signal $x(t)$ has to be periodic.
only the signal in figure (a) has this property

(b) the signal must be real and odd, have $x(0) = 0$ and $x'(0) = 0$



or



or . . .