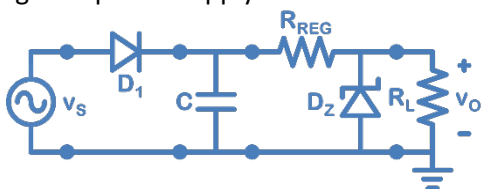
EECS312-HW6: Designing a 9V power supply based on the circuit below.



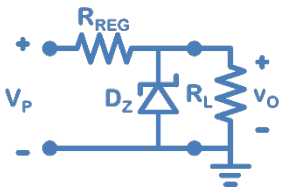
A transformer has been used to step down the 120Vrms outlet voltage to 12Vpeak:

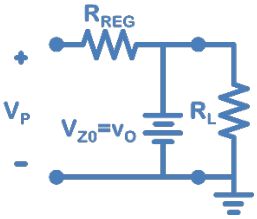
$$v_S(t) = 12 \cdot \cos(2\pi 60t)$$

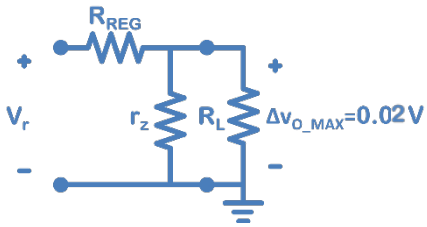
The rectifier diode, D_1, is modeled as a 0.7V CVD and the Zener diode, D_Z, has parameters of r_z=8Ω and V_{Z0} = 8.8V. The load is modeled using resistance, R_L=160Ω. What is the peak voltage at the output of the rectifier (D1:cathode, Top of the Capacitor) ?

V_P = _____

The circuit below (**left circuit**) will be used to find the value for R_{REG}, assuming the input voltage has a constant value of V_P. Replace the Zener diode with a 9V CVD model (9V battery – **center circuit**) and find the maximum value of R_{REG} that ensures the ideal diode remains forward biased (conducting). Choose an actual value that is 70% the maximum to include some error margin.







R_{REGMAX} = _____

R_{REG} = _____

Find the line regulation ($\Delta v_O/V_r$ – **right circuit**) using R_{REG}, r_z, and R_L.

Line Reg = _____

If we want a maximum ripple at the output, Δv_O, to be 0.02V, what is the allowable ripple, V_r, at the input of the regulator (based on the Line Reg)?

V_r = _____

Find the effective resistance, R_C, that would be in parallel with the filter capacitor. Also, find the minimum capacitance to meet the ripple voltage, V_r.

R_C = _____

C = _____

Find the duration the rectifier diode is conducting and the maximum current through the diode.

Δt = _____

I_{DMAX} = _____

Run a simulation using your circuit simulator to generate plots of $v_S(t)$, $v_C(t)$, $v_O(t)$, and $i_D(t)$. Estimate values for V_r, Δv_O, Δt, and I_{DMAX} from the plots.