

Classical Phong Local Lighting Model at a Point, Q , on a Surface

$$I_Q = k_a * L_a + \sum_i f_i(Q) L_i \left\{ k_d * (\hat{\mathbf{n}} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{l}}_i) + k_s * (\hat{\mathbf{r}}_i \cdot \hat{\mathbf{v}})^m \right\}$$

Term	Type	Variable in shader	Notes (All points, vectors, and computations are in EC)
Q	<i>point</i>	<code>pvaIn.ecPosition</code>	Point at which lighting model is to be evaluated.
k_a	<i>rgb</i>	<code>uniform vec3 ka</code>	Fraction of incident ambient light that is reflected; oftentimes $k_a = k_d$
k_d	<i>rgb</i>	<code>uniform vec3 kd</code>	Fraction of incident light that is diffusely reflected
k_s	<i>rgb</i>	<code>uniform vec3 ks</code>	Fraction of incident light that is specularly reflected
L_a	<i>rgb</i>	<code>uniform vec3 La</code>	Amount of ambient light in the environment
L_i	<i>rgb</i>	<code>uniform vec3 lightStrength[max]</code>	Strength of i^{th} light source
$f_i(Q)$	<i>float</i>	<code>float atten(i, Q)</code>	Your shader function that computes the attenuation for light source i at point Q .
$\hat{\mathbf{n}}$	<i>vector</i>	<code>vec3 ec_nHat</code>	Local variable computed from <code>pvaIn.ecUnitNormal</code> . (It is conditionally negated.)
$L_{i,xyzw}$	<i>xyzw</i>	<code>uniform vec4 p_ecLightPos[max]</code>	Projective space description of light source placement.
$\hat{\mathbf{l}}_i$	<i>vector</i>	<code>vec3 liHat</code>	Computed unit normal to source i : $\hat{\mathbf{l}}_i = \text{normalize}(L_{i,xyz} - Q)$ ‡ <u>or</u> $\hat{\mathbf{l}}_i = \text{normalize}(L_{i,xyz})$ §
$\hat{\mathbf{r}}_i$	<i>vector</i>	<code>vec3 riHat</code>	Computed unit vector in primary reflection direction for light source i
$\hat{\mathbf{v}}$	<i>vector</i>	<code>vec3 vHat</code>	Computed unit vector towards the eye; if perspective, $\hat{\mathbf{v}} = \text{normalize}(O - Q)$, where $O = (0,0,0)$; else $\hat{\mathbf{v}} = \text{normalize}(-\mathbf{M}_{02}/\mathbf{M}_{00}, -\mathbf{M}_{12}/\mathbf{M}_{11}, 1)$, where \mathbf{M} is <code>ec_lds</code> .
m	<i>scalar</i>	<code>uniform float m</code>	Specular coefficient ($m > 0$; $m < 10 \rightarrow$ only slightly glossy; $m > 25 \rightarrow$ fairly glossy)

‡ if $L_{i,xyzw} = (x, y, z, 1)$; § if $L_{i,xyzw} = (x, y, z, 0)$; Alpha (translucency) appended, if applicable, to `fragColor` in fragment shader.