

Q.No. 1 :

Intervals

$$\{A\}^* = \{\{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \{4\}, \{5\}, \{6\}, \{7\}\}$$

25 → 26

$$\{d\}^* = \{\{1,2,3,4\}, \{5,6,7\}\}$$

27 → 29.5

32 → 40

48 → 56.5

65

$A^* \subseteq \{d\}^* \Rightarrow$  Dataset is consistent and hence we can proceed with MLEM2 algorithm.

Goal = (Hobby, fishing)  $\Rightarrow$  {1,2,3,4}

→ Goal ←

(a, v)	[(a,v)]	{1,2,3,4}	{1,2,3,4}	{2,3,4}
(Age, 25..26)	{2,4}	{2,4}	{2,4}	{2,4}
(Age, 26..29.5)	{1,3,5,6,7}	{1,3}	{1,3} ✓	{3}
(Age, 29.5..32)	{2,3,4,6}	{2,3,4}	{2,3,4}	-
(Age, 32..40)	{1,5,7}	{1}	{1}	-
(Age, 40..48)	{1,2,3,4,6}	{1,2,3,4}	-	-
(Age, 48..56.5)	{5,7}	-	-	-
(Age, 56.5..65)	{1,2,3,4,5,6}	{1,2,3,4}	-	-
(Age, 65..)	{7}	-	-	-
(Gender, male)	{1,3,4,5,7}	{1,3,4}	{1,3,4}	{3,4}
(Gender, female)	{2,6}	{2}	{2}	{2}
(Education, higher)	{1,3}	{1,3}	{1,3}	{3}
(Education, primary)	{2,4,5,6,7}	{2,4}	{2,4}	{2,4}

$$\{1,2,3,4,6\} \not\subseteq \{1,2,3,4\}$$

New Goal :  $\{1,2,3,4,6\} \cap \{1,2,3,4\} = \{1,2,3,4\}$

redundant

$$\{1, 2, 3, 4, 6\} \cap \{2, 3, 4, 6\} = \{2, 3, 4, 6\} \not\subseteq \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

New Goal:

$$\{1, 2, 3, 4\} \cap \{2, 3, 4, 6\} = \{2, 3, 4\}$$

redundant

$$\{2, 3, 4, 6\} \cap \{2, 4\} = \{2, 4\} \subseteq \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

(Age, 25..26) → (Hobby, fishing)

New Goal:

$$G' = \{1, 3\}$$

(a, v)	{(a, v]}	{1, 3}	{5, 6, 7}	{5, 6, 7}
(Age, 25..26)	{2, 4}	-	-	-
(Age, 26..65)	{1, 3, 5, 6, 7}	{1, 3}	{5, 6, 7}	-
(" , 25..29.5)	{2, 3, 4, 6}	{3}	{6}	{6}
(" , 29.5..65)	{1, 5, 7}	{1}	{5, 7}	{5, 7}
(" , 25..40)	{1, 2, 3, 4, 6}	{1, 3}	{6}	{6}
(" , 40..65)	{5, 7}	-	{5, 7}	{5, 7}
(" , 25..56.5)	{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}	{1, 3}	{5, 6}	{5, 6}
(" , 56.5..65)	{7}	-	{7}	{7}
(Gender, male)	{1, 3, 4, 5, 7}	{1, 3}	{5, 7}	{5, 7}
(Gender, female)	{2, 6}	-	{6}	{6}
(Education, higher)	{1, 3}	{1, 3}	-	-
(" , primary)	{2, 4, 5, 6, 7}	-	{5, 6, 7}	{5, 6, 7}

$$\{1, 3\} \subseteq \{1, 3\}$$

(Education, higher) → (Hobby, fishing)

New Goal:

$$(\text{Hobby, shooting}) \Rightarrow \{5, 6, 7\}$$

$$\{1, 3, 5, 6, 7\} \not\subseteq \{5, 6, 7\}$$

New Goal:

$$\{1, 3, 5, 6, 7\} \cap \{5, 6, 7\} = \{5, 6, 7\}$$

$$\{1, 3, 5, 6, 7\} \cap \{2, 4, 5, 6, 7\} = \{5, 6, 7\} \subseteq \{5, 6, 7\}$$

Neither of the conditions can be eliminated!

$$(\text{Age}, 26..65) \& (\text{Education}, \text{Primary}) \rightarrow (\text{Hobby}, \text{shooting})$$

Hence the final set of rules for the question are:

Covers

Cases: 2, 4

$$(\text{Age}, 25..26) \rightarrow (\text{Hobby}, \text{fishing})$$

Cases: 1, 3

$$(\text{Education}, \text{higher}) \rightarrow (\text{Hobby}, \text{fishing})$$

Cases: 5, 6, 7

$$(\text{Age}, 26..65) \& (\text{Education}, \text{primary}) \rightarrow (\text{Hobby}, \text{shooting})$$



Q. No. 2:

Consider the following decision table:

	Attributes		Decisions	
	a	b	c	d
1.	0	0	x { 0 0 0 1 }	0
2.	0	0		0
3.	0	0		1
4.	1	1		1

Let  $X = \{1, 2, 3\}$  ;  $Y = \{3, 4\}$

both are subsets of  $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$

$$A^* = \{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{4\}\}$$

$$\underline{A}X = \{1, 2, 3\} ; \underline{A}Y = \{4\}$$

$$X - Y = \{1, 2\}$$

$$\underline{A}(X - Y) = \emptyset \quad \dots (a)$$

$$\underline{A}X - \underline{A}Y = \{1, 2, 3\} \quad \dots (b)$$

from (a) and (b):

$$\underline{A}(X - Y) \neq \underline{A}X - \underline{A}Y$$