

**EECS 739: Homework 1**  
Due: February 9, 2017 (at 11am)

**Questions:**

1. (20 points) Consider multiplying two  $n \times n$  matrices,  $A$  and  $B$ , to generate a third matrix  $C$  as follows:  $C = A * B$ , where  $*$  denotes standard matrix-matrix multiplication. Suppose that  $A$  and  $B$  can each be partitioned into blocks of size  $m \times m$ , where  $n = cm$ .

Write down the mathematics for computing  $C = A * B$  using a block-structured approach. (Note that  $C$  is also a block-structured matrix with blocks the size as those in  $A$  and  $B$ .)

$$\text{Now, let } A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 4 & 5 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 & 1 \\ -5 & 6 & 2 & 0 \\ 7 & 3 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

For  $m = 2$ , demonstrate how to compute  $C = A * B$  using the mathematics prescribed above.

**Be sure to check your answer using Matlab or a similar software package to be sure it is correct before proceeding!**

2. (20 points) Write pseudocode specifying a parallel formulation for computing  $C = A * B$  using the block-structured approach given in (1). Assume the values of  $n$  and  $m$  are input parameters. (**Note: Your pseudocode does not need to include error handling.**)
3. (20 points) Draw a task-dependency diagram for computing  $C = A * B$  using your parallel formulation in (2). Assume  $n = cm$  and that the values of  $n$  and  $m$  are input parameters.
4. (20 points) Consider multiplying two  $1,000,000 \times 1,000,000$  matrices,  $A$  and  $B$ , in parallel using your parallel formulation in (2). Consider two cases:  $m = 100,000$  and  $m = 1$ . For which of these values of  $m$  would you expect to see better performance? Why? Use task-dependency diagrams to justify your answers. Consider their concurrency, length of the critical path, etcetera. Be sure to explain the factors that weighted into your decision.