

Let
$$y[n] = \left(\frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{4}n)}{\pi n} \right)^2 * \left(\frac{\sin(\omega_c n)}{\pi n} \right)$$

where $|\omega_c| \leq \pi$. Determine a stricter constraint on ω_c which ensures that

$$y[n] = \left(\frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{4}n)}{\pi n} \right)^2$$

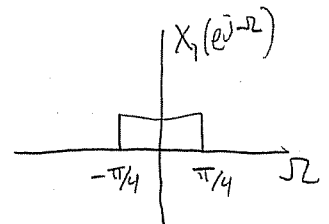
We first consider the signal

$$x_1[n] = \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{4}n)}{\pi n}$$

Using DTFT transform pairs and properties, we see that the DTFT of $x_1[n]$ is

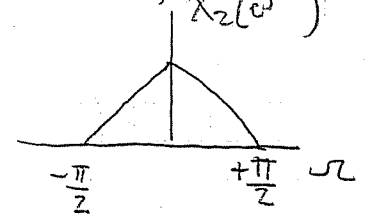
$$X_1(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq |\omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{\pi}{4} < |\omega| < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$= \text{rect}(\omega / (\pi/2))$$

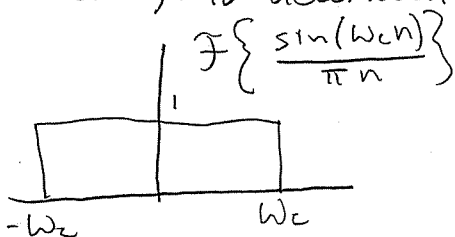


Since $x_2[n] = x_1[n]x_1[n] = \left(\frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{4}n)}{\pi n} \right)^2$, then

$$X_2(e^{j\omega}) = X_1(e^{j\omega}) * X_1(e^{j\omega}) = \text{tri}(\omega / (\pi/2))$$



Since $x_2[n]$ is our desired output, the value of ω_c has to be just large enough to accommodate all of $x_2[n]$'s bandwidth



Select ω_c anywhere in the range

$$\boxed{\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \omega_c \leq \pi}$$